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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/699,351	10/31/2003	Ronald James Jandacek	9129L	2523
27752 75	590 03/08/2006	EXAMINER		INER
THE PROCTER & GAMBLE COMPANY			GEMBEH, SHIRLEY V	
INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY DIVISION WINTON HILL TECHNICAL CENTER - BOX 161			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
6110 CENTER HILL AVENUE			1614	
CINCINNATI, OH 45224			DATE MAILED: 03/08/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(a)	
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
Off: - A - 1' O	10/699,351	JANDACEK ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Shirley V. Gembeh	1614	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	J. lely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>09 Ja</u> 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowan closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro		
Disposition of Claims			
 4) Claim(s) 1-78 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) 1-78 are subject to restriction and/or expressions. 			
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access applicant may not request that any objection to the off Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the off the correction is objected to by the Examiner.	epted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati ity documents have been receive i (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage	
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:		

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DETAILED ACTION

Minor correction

The claim has been renumbered and changed from 73 to read as 72 and the numbers followed are renumbered subsequently. The claims pending are from claims 1-78.

Response to restriction requirement

Applicant's arguments, see page 3 of remarks, filed 1/9/06, with respect to the restriction requirement of claim(s) 1-79 have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the restriction is withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of restriction is made.

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- Claims 1-36, 71 are, drawn to a composition, classified in class 514 in various subclasses depending on the stiffinening agent and lipase inhibitor
- II. Claims 37-48 are, drawn to a method of increasing viscosity of one or more lipophilic substances, classified in class 514, subclass in various subclasses depending on the stiffinening agent and lipase inhibitor.
- III. Claims 49-58, 72 are drawn to method of treating gastrointestinal distress, fecal urgency obesity etc, classified in class 514 in various subclasses depending on the stiffinening agent and lipase inhibitor and the type of disease treated.

IV. Claims 59-70, 73-79, drawn to a kit, classified in class 514, subclass in various subclasses depending on the stiffinening agent and lipase inhibitor.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other, for the following reasons:

Inventions I and II are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product. See MPEP § 806.05(h). In the instant case Increasing viscosity can be employed by another method, adding oats to the diet (see British J. of Nutrition 2001).

Inventions I and III are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product. See MPEP § 806.05(h). In the instant case Increasing viscosity in the gastrointestinal tract can be employed by another method, adding oats to the diet (see British J. of Nutrition 2001).

Inventions IV and I are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different

process of using that product. See MPEP § 806.05(h). In the instant case Increasing viscosity in the gastrointestinal tract can be employed by another method, adding oats to the diet (see British J. of Nutrition 2001).

Inventions II and III are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product. See MPEP § 806.05(h). In the instant case Increasing viscosity in the gastrointestinal tract can be employed by another method, adding oats to the diet (see British J. of Nutrition 2001).

Inventions II and IV are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product. See MPEP § 806.05(h). In the instant case Increasing viscosity in the gastrointestinal tract can be employed by another method, adding oats to the diet (see British J. of Nutrition 2001) and the kit is a combination of the product with direction.

Inventions III and IV are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different

with direction.

process of using that product. See MPEP § 806.05(h). In the instant case Increasing viscosity in the gastrointestinal tract can be employed by another method, adding oats to the diet (see British J. of Nutrition 2001) and the kit is a combination of the product

Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions have different effects. For example increasing viscosity can be done with another different material, using corn starch as a thickening agent.

The Groups have acquired a separate status in the art by their recognized, divergent subject matter. The searches required for each Group are not co-extensive resulting in an undue burden to the Examiner. Each Group is capable of supporting a separate patent.

Restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper. Because these inventions are independent or distinct for the reasons given above and the inventions require a different field of search (see MPEP § 808.02), restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

The practice, re: Markush claims encompassing multiple independent and patentably distinct inventions is set for the in M.P.E.P. 803. The following requirement to make a provisional election of a single independent and patentably distinct invention is made pursuant to said practice.

Claims 1, 13, 25, 31, 3743, 49, 54, 59, 65, 68, 71, 7273, and 78 are drawn in Markush format encompass multiple and patentably distinct inventions. The claims are either drawn to different compounds and combinations as well as the treatment of a variety of diseases as shown below.

Applicant is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 to <u>elect a single disclosed species</u> for the composition and or kit for prosecution on the merits to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable.

Further, Applicant is required to elect a single disclose treatment for the treatment. Here, the claims recited such a multiplicity of species that an unduly extensive and burdensome search would be necessary if all of the claimed species were to be examined simultaneously. It is considered that at Markush type claim encompassing such species is directed to multiple independent and patentably distinct inventions since the species are so unrelated and diverse that a prior art reference anticipating the claims with respect to one of the species will not render the claim anticipated or obvious under 35 U.S.C. 102 nor 35 U.S.C. 103 respectively with regard to any one other of the species. Further these species are considered to be independent since they are unconnected in operation, one does not require the others for ultimate use and the specification does not disclose a dependent relationship between them. Moreover, each of the stated species is considered patentably distinct from the others on the basis of its properties. Thus, the stated species are capable of supporting separate patents under 35 U.S.C. 121.

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For the above reasons, an election of a single disclosed species for examination purposes is deemed necessary and proper in the practice of any one of the groups I-IV. Applicant needs to indicate in the response which group is elected and which species is elected.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Shirley V. Gembeh whose telephone number is 571-272-8504. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30 -5:00, Monday- Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Christopher Low can be reached on 571-272-0951. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

SVG 3/2/06 CHRISTOPHER S. F. LOW
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